## WE CLAIM:

1. An N-aryl-substituted nitrogen-containing heterocycle of the formula

in which

Het represents a heterocycle of the formula

R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen or halogen and

R<sup>2</sup> represents halogen or a radical -X-R<sup>9</sup>,

where

R<sup>6</sup> represents hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, halogenoalkyl, alkenyl, halogenoalkenyl, alkinyl, halogenoalkinyl, or represents optionally substituted cycloalkyl,

represents in each case optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl or cycloalkyl and  $R^9$ 

X represents oxygen or sulphur.

nitrogen-containing N-aryl-substituted, heterocycle as claimed in Claim 1, in which 2.

Het represents a heterocycle of the formula

represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or  $R^1$ bromine and

represents fluorine, chlorine or bromine, or  $R^2$ represents A radical -X-R9,

where

R6 represents hydrogen, represents in each case straight-chain or branched alkyl having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, alkinyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, halogenoalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halog n atoms, halogenoalkenyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 5 identical or different halogen atoms, halogenoalkinyl having 3 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 5 identical or different halogen atoms or alkoxyalkyl having or different halogen atoms or alkoxyalkyl having in each case 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the individual straight-chain or branched alkyl moieties or dual straight-chain or branched alkyl moieties or atoms and which is optionally monosubstituted or atoms and which is optionally monosubstituted or different substituents, suitable substituents being; halogen, stituents, suitable substituents being; halogen, or alkoxy, each having 1 to 4 carbon atoms,

R<sup>8</sup> represents in each case straight-chain or branched alkyl having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, alkenyl having 2 to 8 carbon atoms, alkinyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms, halogenoalkyl having 1 to 8 carbon atoms and 1  $\frac{1}{1}$  identical or different halogen atoms, /hal/genoalkenyl having 2 to 8 carbon atoms and 1 to 15 identical or different halogen atoms, halogenoalkinyl having 3 to 8 carbon atoms and 1 to 13 identical or different halogen atoms, /represents cyanoalkyl, alkoxyhalogenoalkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, (bis-alkoxy)alkyl, (bisalkyl, alkylthio)alkyl, alkylcarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkoxyalkoxya/kyl, carbonylalkyl or alkoxyalkoxycarbonylalkyl, each having 1 to 8 carbon atoms in the individual alkyl moieties and if appropriate 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms, represents cycloalkyl, dycloalkyloxycarbonylalkyl or cycloalkyl-

having in each case 3 to 7 carbon atoms alkvl. in the cycloalkyl moiety and if appropriate 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the straight-chain or branched alkyl moiety and each of which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents, suitable substituents in each case being: halogen /and in each case straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy, each having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, R furthermore repreoxetanylalkyl, tetrahydrofuranylalkyl, tetrahydrofuranylalkyloxydarbonylalkyl or tetrahydropyranylalkyl, each of which has 1 to 3 carbon atoms in the respective alkyl moieties and each of which is optionally substituted by alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or R9 represents aralkyl which has 6/to 10 carbon atoms in the aryl moiety and 1 /to 4 carbon atoms in the straight-chain or branched alkyl moiety and which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents, suitable aryl substituents being: halogen, cyano, pitro, in each case straight-

halogen, cyano, nitro, in each case straightchain or branched alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio or alkoxycarbonyl, each having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or in each case straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl, halogenoalkoxy or halogenoalkylthio, each having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms, and

X represents oxygen or sulphur.

- 3. A herbicidal and plant growth-regulating composition comprising a herbicidally or plant growth regulating effective amount of a N-aryl-substituted nitrogen-containing heterocycle according to claim fin admixture with a diluent.
  - 4. A method of combating unwanted vegetation which commprises applying to such vegetation or to a locus from which it is desired to exclude such vegetation a herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to Claim
    - 5. A method for regulating the growth of plants which comprises applying to such plants or to a locu in which such plants are grown or to be grown a plant growth regulating effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1/2

A 4-cyanophenylhydrazine of the formula

in which

- R1 represents hydrogen or halogen and
- ${\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}^2$  repr sents halogen or represents a radical -X-R $^9$ , where
  - X represents oxygen or sulphur and
  - R<sup>9</sup> represents in each case optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl or cycloalkyl.

R1 represents halogenoalkyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, amino, cyano, alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, halogenoalkyl, halogenoalkenyl, halogenoalkinyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylideneimino, or in each case optionally substituted cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl,

R3 represents hydrogen or halogen,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

R R

and

X represents exygen or sulphur, where

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently of one another in each case represent hydrogen or in each case straight-chain or branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, arylalkyl or aryl.

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  m A\ substituted\ triazolinone\ of\ the\ general\ formula\ (I)}$ according to Claim 1, wherein 8.
  - R1 represents straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl having 1 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 13 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine,
    - R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, amino, cyano, straight-chain or branched alkyl having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, in each case straight-chain or branched alkenyl or alkinyl, each of which has 2 to 6 carbon atoms,
      - straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl having 1 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 13 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine, in each case straight-chain or branched halogenoalkenyl or halogenoalkinyl, each of which has 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 11 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine, straight-chain or branched alkoxyalkyl 4 carbon atoms in each of the individual alkyl moieties, straight-chain or branched alky ideneimino having 1 to 8 carbon having 1/ atoms or cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl, each of which has 3 to 8 carbon atoms in the cycloalkyl moiety and, if appropriate, 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the straight-chain or branched alkyl moiety, and each of which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted in the cycloalkyl moiety by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine,

R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

represents nitro, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine or heterocyclyl -C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>A</sub>-alkoxy, the heterocyclyl radical being represented by a three-to heterocyclyl radical being represented by a three-to seven-membered, optionally benzo-fused, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle having 1 to 3 or unsaturated heterocycle having 1 to 3 identical or different hetero atoms, in particular nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur, or a radical lar nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur, or a radical of the formula R<sup>6</sup>, -O-R<sup>6</sup>, -S-R<sup>6</sup>, -S(O)-R-<sup>6</sup>, -O-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>, -C(O)-O-R<sup>6</sup>, -NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -O-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>6</sup>, -C(O)-O-R<sup>6</sup>, -NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -NH-P(O)(OR<sup>6</sup>)(R<sup>7</sup>) or -NH-P(O)(OR<sup>6</sup>)(OR<sup>7</sup>) or a radical of the formula

represents oxygen or sulphur, where

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently of one another in each case represent hydrogen or straight-chain or branched alkyl which has 1 to 8 carbon atoms and which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents, suitable substituents being:

halogen, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, cyano, carboxyl, carbamoyl, in each case straight-chain or branched alkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl, alkylsulphonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, arkoxycarbonylalkyl, sulphonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cycloalkylaminocarbonyl, N-alkylaminocarbonyl, trialkylsilyl or

each of which has 1 to 8 carbon atoms in the individual alkyl moieties, or heterocyclyl, the heterocyclyl being represented by a five- to seven-membered, optionally benzo-fused, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle having 1 to 3 identical or different hetero atoms, in particular nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur;

R<sup>6</sup> and R' furthermore represent alkenyl or alkinyl, each of which has 2 to 8 carbon atoms and each of which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> furthermore represent cycloalkyl which has 3 to 7 carbon atoms and which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, and/or by straight-chain or branched alkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or represent C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> represent arylalkyl or aryl, each of which has 6 to 10 carbon atoms in the aryl moiety and, if appropriate, 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the straight-chain or branched alkyl moiety, and each of which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted in the aryl moiety by identical or different substituents, suitable aryl substituents

in each case being:

halogen, cyano, nitro, in each case straightchain or branched alky $\downarrow$ , alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl or alkylsulphonyl, each of which has 1 to 6 carbon atoms, / in each case straightchain or branched halogehoalkyl, halogenoalkoxy, halogenoalkylthio, halogenoalkylsulphinyl halogenoalkylsulphonyl / each of which has 1 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 13 identical or different halogen atoms, in /each case straight-chain or branched alkoxycarbonyl or alkoximinoalkyl, each of which has 1 to 6 carbon atoms in the individual alkyl moieties / and phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents and/or by straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy, each of which has 1/to 6 carbon atoms, and/or by straight-chain pr branched halogenoalkyl or halogenoalkoxy,/each of which has 1 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to /13 identical or different halogen atoms.

A substituted triazolinone of the general formula (I) according to Claim 1, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> represents straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine,

 $R^2$  represents hydrogen, amin $\phi$ , cyano, straight-chain or branched alkyl having/1 to 6 carbon atoms, in each case straight-chain or branched alkenyl or alkinyl, each of which has 2 to 4 carbon atoms, straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or . different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine, /in each case straight-chain or branched halogen palkenyl or halogenoalkinyl, each of which has 2 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 7 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine, straightchain or branched alkoxyalkyl having 1 to 3 carbon atoms/ in each of the individual alkyl moieties, straight-chain or branched alkylideneimino having/1/to 6 carbon atoms, or cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl, each of which has 3 to 7 carbon atoms /in the cycloalkyl moiety and, if appropriate / / to 3 carbon atoms in the straightchain or branched alkyl moiety, and each of which is optional /y monosubstituted to tetrasubstituted in the cycloalkyl moiety by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine,

R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl, trialkylsilyl or alkylsulphonylaminocarbonyl, each of which has 1 to 6 carbon atoms in the individual alkyl moieties, or heterocyclyl, the heterocyclyl radical being represented by a five- or six-membered, saturated or unsaturated heterocycle having 1 to 3 identical or different hetero atoms, in particular nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> furthermore represent straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine, and being optionally further substituted by C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>cycloalkylaminocarbonyl or cyano

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> furthermore represent alkenyl or alkinyl, each of which has 2 to 6 carbon atoms and each of which is optionally monosubstituted to trisubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine;

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  furthermore represent cycloalkyl which has 3 to 6 carbon atoms and which is optionally monosubstituted to tetrasubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents, in particular fluorine, chlorine or bromine, and/or by straight-chain or branched alkyl having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, or represent  $C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl, or

represent phenylalkyl or phenyl, the first-mentioned .

has 1 to 3 carbon atoms in the straight-chain or branched alkyl moiety and each of which is optionally monosubstituted to trisubstituted in the phenyl moiety by identical or different substituents, suitable phenyl substituents in each case being:

halogen, cyano, nitro, in each case straightchain or branched alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulphinyl or alkylsulphonyl, each of which has 1 to 4 carbon atoms, in each case straightchain or branched halpgenoalkyl, halogenoalkoxy, halogenoalkylthio, /halogenoalkylsulphinyl or halogenoalkylsulphoryl, each of which has 1 to 4 carbon atoms and to 9 identical or different halogen atoms, in each case straight-chain or branched alkoxycarbonyl or alkoximinoalkyl, each of which has 1 to a carbon atoms in the individual alkyl mojeties, and phenyl which is optionally monosypstituted or polysubstituted by identical or different halogen substituents and/or by straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy, each of which has 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and/or by straight-chain or branched halogenoalkyl or halogenoalkoxy, each of which has 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9 identical or different halogen atoms.

10. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim 1 wherein such compound is 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one of the formula

11. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is 1-(2-chloro-4-cyanophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one of the formula

12. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is 1-(2-fluoro-4-cyanopheny1)-4-methy1-3-trifluoromethy1-1,2,4-triazolin-5-thione of the formula

13. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim 1 wherein such compound is 1-(2,5-difluoro-4-cyano-phenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-thione of the formula

14. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is 1-(2-fluoro-4-cyano-5-methoxyphenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one of the formula

- 15. A herbici composition comprising arbicidally effective amount of a compound according to Claim X and a diluent.
- 16. A method of combating unwanted vegetation which comprises applying to such vegetation or to a locus from which it is desired to exclude such vegetation a herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1.24
- 17. The method according to Claim 10, wherein such compound is
  - 1-(4-cyano-2-fluorophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one
  - 1-(2-chloro-4-cyanophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one
  - 1-(2-fluoro-4-cyanophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl1,2,4-triazolin-5-thione
  - l-(2,5-difluoro-4-cyanophenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-thione
  - 1-(2-fluoro-4-cyano-5-methoxyphenyl)-4-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one.
- 18. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is 1-(4-cyano-3-fluoropheny1)-4-ethyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one of the formula

19. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is

1-(4-cyano-2-fluoro-5-tetrahydro-4H-2yl-methoxyphenyl)-4-ethyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin5-one of the formula

20. A substituted triazolinone according to Claim wherein such compound is

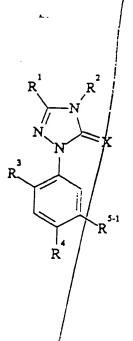
1-(5-allylamino-4-cyano-2-fluorophenyl)-4-ethyl3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one
of the formula

$$C_2H_5$$
 $C_2H_5$ 
 $C_2H_5$ 
 $C_2H_5$ 
 $C_2H_5$ 
 $C_2H_5$ 

21. A composition acting against arthropods and nematodes, in particular insects and arachnids comprising an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1.

- 22. A method of combating unwanted arthropods and nematodes, in particular insects and arachnids, which comprises applying to such locus from which it is desired to exclude such arthropods and nematodes, in particular insects and arachnids an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1.
- The method according to Claim 16, wherein such compound is

  1-(4-cyano-3-fluorophenyl)-4-ethyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one
  1-(4-cyano-2-fluoro-5-tetrahydro-4H-2yl-methoxyphenyl)-4-ethyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin5-one
  1-(5-allylamino-4-cyano-2-fluorophenyl)-4-ethyl3-trifluoromethyl-1,2,4-triazolin-5-one



(Ia)

wherein

R1 represents halogenoalkyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen amino, cyano, alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, halogenoalkyl, halogenoalkenyl, halogenoalkinyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylideneimino or in each case optionally substituted cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl,

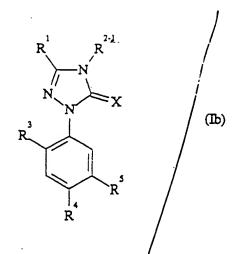
R3 represents hydrogen or halogen,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

X represents oxygen or sulphur and

R<sup>5-1</sup> represents halogen.

27. A/substituted triazolinone of the formula (Ib)



wherein

R1 represents halogenoalkyl,

R<sup>2-1</sup> represents amino,

R3 represents hydrogen or halogen,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

R<sup>5</sup> represents nitra, cyano, halogen, heterocyclyloxy, a radical of the formula  $R^6$ ,  $-O-R^6$ ,  $-S-R^6$ ,  $-S(O)=R^6$ ,  $-SO_2-R^6$ ,  $-SO_2-O-R^6$ ,  $-O-SO_2-R^6$ ,  $-C(O)-O-R^6$ ,  $-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-SO_2-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-C(O)-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-NH-P(O)(OR^6)(R^7)$  or  $-NH-P(O)(OR^6)(OR^7)$  or a radical of the formula

and

X represents oxygen of sulphur, where

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently of one another in each case represent hydrogen or in each case straight-chain or branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl cycloalkyl or aryl.

28/ A substituted triazolinone of the formula (Ic)

R R R

(Ic)

wherein

R1 represents halogenoalkyl,

R<sup>2-2</sup> represents hydrogen,

R3 represents hydrogen or halogen,

R4 represents cyano or nitro,

R<sup>5</sup> represents nitro, cyano, halogen, hetero-

cyclyloxy, a radical of the formula  $R^6$ ,  $-0-R^6$ ,  $-S-R^6$ ,  $-S(0)-R^6$ ,  $-SO_2-R^6$ ,  $-SO_2-O-R^6$ ,  $-O-SO_2-R^6$ ,  $-C(0)-O-R^6$ ,  $-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-SO_2-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-C(0)-NR^6R^7$ ,  $-NH-P(0)(OR^6)(R^7)$  or  $-NH-P(0)(OR^6)(OR^7)$  or a radical of the formula

R N X

and

X represents oxygen or sulphur, where

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently of one another in each case represent hydrogen or in each case straight-chain or branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl, cycloalkyl or aryl.

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